Standard: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor: Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Reading comprehension Analyze the text Identify explicit textual evidence Cite Evidence Draw inferences Support inference using textual evidence 	 cite analyze explicit inferences textual evidence conclude 	citar analizar explícito inferencias concluír	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ What textual evidence did you identify to support ✓ Cite several examples of textual evidence. ✓ What inferences can you draw from your analysis ✓ Show me in the text what makes you think that? ✓ What can you conclude from the text? ✓ Which evidence is most relevant? ✓ What can you infer from this paragraph? Explain y RL 6.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what well as inferences drawn from the text.	of the text? your thinking.		evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what s well as inferences drawn from the text.



C	Standard: Determine a theme or developments over the course of the first of the text.				nine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their mmarize the key supporting details and ideas.
□ Make inferences	ehension analyze theme development s we summary of the text	Academic Vocal determine theme central idea analyze objective summarize cite evidence	bulary/Co determ tema idea ce analiza objetiv resumi	inar ntral r o	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 ✓ best capt ✓ An example of I ✓ How can you ob ✓ What makes a set 	om the text to support your determ ures the theme. how the theme recurs/is developed bjectively summarize the text ? ummary objective? neme or central idea of a text and h	in the text is		Determine a them	e or central idea of a text and analyze its development
	le a summary of the text distinct fr		over the c	ourse of the text,	including its relationship to the characters, setting, and ummary of the text.



RL 7.3	Standard: Analyze how particular (e.g., how setting shapes the characte	e elements of a story or drama interact ers or plot).		ze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop r the course of a text.
Describe how story or dramDescribe how	nents of story/drama	Academic Vocabulary/C analyze setting character character traits plot drama infer inference	cognates analizar personaje características drama inferir inferencia	Teaching Notes and StrategiesAppendix B Sample Performance Task:Students analyze how the playwright LouiseFletcher uses particular elements of drama(e.g., setting and dialogue) to create dramatictension in her play Sorry, Wrong Number.SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 How does the Describe the An example of What can you An example of What can you How does the RL 6.3: Describe how	plot of a story or drama.	by the setting? lot is is shaped by the setting? rstand character and plot? t unfolds in a series of RL 8.3	J 1	ticular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or veal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.



RL	7.4	in a text, including figurative and con		including determi	oret words and phrases as they are used in a text, ning technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
Essential			Academic Vocabulary/Co	gnates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Una met idic Ider alli Una 	iderstand fig etaphor, anal oms, onoma entify repetit iteration, ass iderstand ho	ion of sounds (rhyme scheme,	 figurative meaning connotative meaning analyze analiza specific especifi impact impact tone tono word choice determine determ 	ico D	SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written Language skillfully
Question		word/phrase mean in this s	selection?		
 ✓ The ✓ Wit ✓ Hov ✓ Acc 	e word/phra ithout chang ow does the cording to t	se is an example of	hat word can best be used to replace the us impact the tone of the text?	nderlined part?	

RL 6.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone

RL 8.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Standard: Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.

Anchor: Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

 Essential Skills/Concept: Understand and identify types of drama and poetry Analyze the form or structure of drama and poetry Interpret the meaning of drama and poetry Understand and analyze how text structure contributes to the meaning of a drama or poem 	Academic Voc drama poem analyze scene stanza text structure theme setting plot	abulary/Cognates drama poema analizar escena estructura del texto tema	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ What is the structure of the text? ✓ What is the meaning of the text? ✓ How does the structure of the text contribute to its ✓ How does the sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fi ✓ How would the meaning of the poem /drama have 	it into the overall structure o		

RL 6.5: Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.

RL 8.5: Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each texts contributes to its meaning and style.



Standard: Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.

Anchor: Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Essential Skills/Concept:	Academic Vocab	ulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Understand and identify various points of view Understand and explain the development of the narrators or speakers point of view. Contrast points of view 	 author point of view develop narrator omniscient subjective objective 	autor(a) punto de vista narrador(a) omnisciente sujeto objeto	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
Questions Stems ✓ Which words from the text show that it is written i ✓ The selection is told from the point of view of	cter have? om that of another character? narrator's point of view is subje p the narrator's or speaker's poi	ctive/objective? int of view?	differences in the points of the characters and the

RL 6.6: Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in	RL 8.6: Analyze how a differences in the points of the characters and the
a text.	audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such
	effects as suspense of humor.



Standard: Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).

Anchor: Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

camera focus and angles in a mini).		
 Essential Skills/Concept Compare & contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text Analyze effects unique to each medium Lighting Sound Color Camera focus Camera angles 	Academic Voca compare contrast medium audio drama poem film stage multimedia production	bulary/Cognates comparar contrastar audio drama poema filmar (v.t.) producción	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ How does reading a story compare to the audio or ✓ What medium most impacts your understanding o ✓ What senses were most stimulated by the producti ✓ Select an event from the book and compare it to a why? ✓ Evaluate the effectiveness of the media techniques RL 6.7: Compare and contrast the experience of reading a 	of the selected work? ion? scene from the production. H s used to portray the work.	-	ent to which a filmed or live production of a story or
listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of t what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what listen or watch.	the text, including contrasting		departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices



Standard: Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.

Anchor: Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

 Essential Skills/Concept Distinguish between historical fiction and historical accounts. Identify the historical event in terms of time, place, and/or character. Identify how the author used or altered history to write a fictional portrayal. Compare and contrast the historical events as they were portrayed in the fictional story to the historical account of the same event. 	Academic Vocal Compare Contrast historical novel historical account historical event fiction alter accurate (precise)	comparar contrastar ficción alterar preciso	Teaching Notes and StrategiesAppendix B Sample Performance Task: Students compare and contrast Laurence Yep's fictional portrayal of Chinese immigrants in turn-of-the-twentieth-century San Francisco in Dragonwings to historical accounts of the same period (using materials detailing the 1906 San Francisco earthquake) in order to glean a deeper understanding of how authors use or alter historical sources to create a sense of time and place as well as make fictional characters lifelike and real.SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
Questions Stems ✓ How does the author use/alter history to ✓ How are historical events and the fictional event the ✓ How does the author's portrayal of the character co ✓ What could the author have done to provide a more RL 6.9: Compare and contrast texts in different forms or g poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of the themes and topics.	e accurate portrayal of the tim genres (e.g., stories and	e period/place? RL 8.9: Analyze how a events, or character type:	modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of s from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such escribing how the material is rendered new.
 ✓ What could the author have done to provide a more RL 6.9: Compare and contrast texts in different forms or g poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of the 	e accurate portrayal of the tim genres (e.g., stories and	e period/place? RL 8.9: Analyze how a events, or character type:	s from myths, traditional stories, or r



RL 7.10	Standard: By the end of the year including stories, dramas, and po complexity band proficiently, wirend of the range.	ems, in the grades 6-8 text	- -		nd comprehend complex literary and informational ly and proficiently.
 Demonstrate literary text Read indepentexts. 	forms of literature fluently comprehension of various forms of dently and comprehend complex rt to independently read texts of mplexity.	Academic Vocal 9 genre 9 literature 9 drama 9 poetry 9 fluency 9 comprehension	bulary/Co género literatu drama poesia fluidez compre	ra	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 ✓ What genres I ✓ What genre d ✓ Have you rea ✓ Who is your f ✓ Do you think ✓ What is the let 	bu read independently lately? have you recently read? id you enjoy the most? d multiple books by the same author? favorite author? you are ready to read a more complex exile level of this text? harize the plot and theme of the text.	t text or different type of liter	ature?		
dramas, and poems, in	of the year, read and comprehend lite n the grades 6-8 text complexity band at the high end of the range.		stories, di		year, read and comprehend literature, including at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band ly.



Standard: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor: Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocal	oulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Reading comprehension Analyze the text Identify explicit textual evidence Cite evidence Draw inferences Support inference using several pieces from the text 	 cite analyze explicit textual evidence draw inferences 	citar analizar explícito	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
Questions Stems			
 What is your analysis of the text? What textual evidence did you identify to support Cite several examples. What inferences can you draw from your analysis Show me in the text what makes you think that 			
RI 6.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what t	the text says explicitly as	RI 8.1: Cite the textual e	evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what

RI 6.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RI 8.1: Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.



Standard: Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

Anchor: Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	abulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Reading Comprehension Determine central ideas Analyze development of central ideas Formulate an objective summary of the text 	 determine central idea analyze objective summary 	determinar idea central analizar objeto resumir	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ What is the central idea? Is there more than one ce ✓ How are the central ideas developed? ✓ Cite evidence from the text to support your determ ✓ An example of how the central idea recurs in the t ✓ How can you objectively summarize the text? 	nination of the central idea.		
RI 6.2: Determine a central idea of a text and how it is co details; provide a summary of the text distinct from person			ntral idea of a text and analyze its development over ling its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an

objective summary of the text.

Standard: Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).

Anchor: Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

 Essential Skills/Concept Identify individuals, events and ideas Analyze the interaction between individuals, events and ideas 	Academic Voca analyze illustrate explain elaborate events individuals interactions influence detail (noun, verb)	bulary/Cognates analizar ilustrar explicar elaborar individuos interacciones influir detalles	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ What change of events was influential? ✓ How did one individual influence another? ✓ What interaction influenced future events? 			
RI 6.3: Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdo		RI 8.3: Analyze how a tindividuals, ideas, or even	text makes connections among and distinctions between ents (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).

RI 7.4 Standard: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. (See grade 7 Language standards 4-6 for additional expectations.)

Anchor: Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Essential Skills/Concept:	Academic Vocabu	lary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Identify and interpret connotations Identify and interpret figurative language Identify and interpret technical language Analyze impact of word choice on meaning & tone 	 phrases figurative meaning connotative meaning analyze specific impact meaning tone repetition 	frases analizar específico impacto tono repetición	 Appendix B Sample Performance Task: Students <i>determine</i> the <i>figurative and connotative meanings</i> of words such as wayfaring, laconic, and taciturnity as we as of phrases such as hold his peace in John Steinbeck'. <i>Travels with Charley: In Search of America.</i> They <i>analyze</i> how Steinbeck's <i>specific word choices</i> and diction impact the <i>meaning and tone</i> of his writing and the characterization of the individuals and places he describes. SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
Ouestions Stems ✓ What does the word/phrase mean in this ✓ Without changing the meaning of the sentence, wh ✓ Which of the following synonyms is closest in the ✓ The author uses connotation to ✓ What is the technical meaning of the word? ✓ What is the technical meaning of the word? ✓ What message does the author convey? ✓ What is the tone of the selection? ✓ How does the author's word choice impact the me	nich word can best be used to rep meaning to the word		

including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings

RI 8.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.



RI 7.5	Standard: Analyze the structure at including how the major sections co development of the ideas. a. <u>Analyze the use of text fea</u> <u>headers, captions) in public docum</u>	ntribute to the whole and to the tures (e.g., graphics,	sentences,	Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, sene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.
 Analyze the u Compare and more texts Analyze publi Understand pa structure Understand an paragraphs, cl 	nalyze text structures se of text features contrast overall structure in two or	Academic Vocal analyze text structure major sections contribute graphics headers captions	bulary/Cognates analizar estructura del texto secciones contribuir gráficos	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 ✓ How does the ✓ How are the to ✓ How do parage position? ✓ What text feat ✓ What effect does 	cures does the author use to develop h to the text features have on the reader	ate to each other? How do the nis ideas? , and why?		
overall structure of a t	a particular sentence, paragraph, cha ext and contributes to the developme xt features (e.g., graphics, headers,	nt of the ideas.	the role of particular	letail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including sentences in developing and refining a key concept. text features (e.g., graphics, headers, captions) in consumer

media.

materials.

Standard: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.

Anchor: Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Identify and analyze point of view Identify and analyze purpose Understand and explain how the point of view/purpose is distinguished from that of others 	 Academic voca author point of view develop narrator speaker in text 	autor punto de vista narrador	Appendix B Sample Performance Task: Students determine the point of view of John Adams in his "Letter on Thomas Jefferson" and analyze how he distinguishes his position from an alternative approach articulated by Thomas Jefferson. SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
Questions Stems ✓ What is the author's point or view or purpose? ✓ How does the author's word choice help develop th ✓ How does the author distinguish their position from	e point of view/purpose? In that of others?		
RI 6.6: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a conveyed in the text.	a text and explain how it is		thor's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.



issue.

Standard: Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

Anchor: Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocabulary/	Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Compare & contrast the experience of reading a text to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text Analyze and compare the portrayal of the subject in each medium 	 integrate evaluate format compare contrast text information analyze portrayal (representation) delivery impact summarize 	integrar evaluar formato comparar contrastar texto información analizar representación impacto resumir	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 Questions Stems ✓ How does reading the text compare to the audio of ✓ What medium most impacts your understanding of ✓ What senses were most stimulated by the product ✓ Select an event from the text and compare it to a why? ✓ Evaluate the effectiveness of the media technique 	of the selected work? ion? scene from the production. How are the	y different and	
RI 7.7: Integrate information presented in different medi quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent u			ntages and disadvantages of using different mediums rideo, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.



Standard: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.

Anchor: Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocal	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Understand how claims and/or arguments are supported by evidence from the text. Trace the specific claims of an argument. Evaluate evidence relevant to the claims. 	 evaluate argument sound (sensible) reasoning relevant (pertinent) sufficient evidence support claims 	evaluar argumento sensato razonamiento pertinente suficiente reclamaciones	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
Questions Stems	I		
 ✓ What is the argument in the text? ✓ Identify the claims used to support the argument. ✓ Are these claims valid/invalid, and if so, why? ✓ Is there sufficient evidence to support the claims? ✓ Is the argument well developed and supported? Explain your answer. 			
RI 6.8: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claim claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are supported by reasons are supported by r	6 6	assessing whether the reaso	luate the argument and specific claims in a text, oning is sound and the evidence is relevant and irrelevant evidence is introduced.



Standard: Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.

Anchor: Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

			~ ~	
Essential Skills/Co	•	Academic Vocal	oulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
Compare & coIdentify and ar	ntrast two texts halyze interpretation of facts halyze use of evidence	 advance analyze compare contrast difference emphasize event evidence key information perspective point of view presentation similar 	avanzar analizar comparar contrastar diferencia perspectiva punto de vista presentación similar	SBAC Claim # 1: Read Close & Critically
 ✓ How do their i ✓ What evidence ✓ How does the ✓ How does one 	both authors address? nterpretation of facts differ? e does each author use to shape his/h evidence differ? author advance a different interpret	ation of the facts as compared	to the other author?	
	contrast one author's presentation of by and a biography on the same pe			which two or more texts provide conflicting pic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of

information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.



Standard: By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Anchor: Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

	6 6			
 fluently Demonstrate of literary text Read independent texts. 	forms of literary nonfiction comprehension of various forms of dently and comprehend complex t to independently read texts of nplexity.	Academic Vocal comprehension drama fluency informational text literature nonfiction poetry	comprensión drama fluidez texto informativo literatura no ficción poesia	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 What are the t What topic did Have you read Who is your fat Do you think to the lead What is the lead Briefly summary 	u read independently lately? opics/central ideas of the nonfiction to d you enjoy the most? I multiple books by the same author? avorite author? you are ready to read a more complex xile level of this text? arize the central idea of the text	x text or different type of liter	ary nonfiction?	year, read and comprehend literature, including
	and proficiently, with scaffolding as n			at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band



W 7.1	Standard: Write arguments to support of a) Introduce a claim(s), acknowled alternate or opposing claims, and organize b) Support claim(s) <u>or counterarg</u> reasoning and relevant evidence, using acc understanding of the topic or text. c) Use words, phrases, and clauses and clarify the relationships among the cla d) Establish and maintain a formal e) Provide a concluding statement of argument presented.	ge <u>and address</u> the reasons and evidence logically. <u>ument</u> s with logical curate, credible sources and demonstr to create cohesion im(s), reasons, and evidence.	substantive topic sufficient evider	e arguments to support claims in an analysis of cs or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and nce.
Essential Skills/C	Concept	Academic Voca	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
	l maintain formal text structure			
 Use words, p cohesion Sustain an ob Understand t Understand e Understand s audience, voi Use precise v a visual imag Write a multi 	bhrases, and clauses to create opective style and tone he purpose of writing expository text structure starting point, purpose, form, ice, and point of view. verbs, nouns, and adjectives to paint ge in the mind of the reader i-paragraph essay ncluding statement	 arguments/counterargument claims/alternate or opposint address relevant evidence credible source topic text persuade style conclusion cohesion supporting evidence 		See Appendix C: Video Pages 40 -41 SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively
Questions Stems				_
 ✓ In sentence ✓ Which senter ✓ What data do ✓ Does the data 	laim, acknowledge and address alterr , the author supports his cour nees best support the counterargumen bes the author use to support his claim a come from a credible source? concluding statement to support the an	nter argument with relevant events? t? ?	idence.	
a. Introduce a and evidence clearly. b. Support clai	to support claims with clear reasons and relevant er claim(s) and organize the reasons m(s) with clear reasons and ible sources and demonstrating an understanding of		a. Introduce claim(s), ack and organize the reasons and evidence b. Support claim(s) with l	ort claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. nowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, ce logically. ogical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and

relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the

relationships among claim(s) and reasons.

d. Establish and maintain a formal style.

e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

d. Establish and maintain a formal style.

e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.



W 7.2	Standard: Write informative/explanatory texts to through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant a) Introduce a topic <u>or thesis statement</u> c previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, classification, comparison/ contrast, and cause/ effect; tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding compret b) Develop the topic with relevant facts, d concrete details, quotations, or other information and e c) Use appropriate transitions to create coil clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d) Use precise language and domain-speci vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e) Establish and maintain a formal style. f) Provide a concluding statement or secti follows from and supports the information or explanati	t content. learly, , and information, using strategies such as defin include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e. lefinitions, efinitions, xamples. hesion and ific	ition,	convey comple	e informative/explanatory texts to examine and ex ideas and information clearly and accurately fective selection, organization, and analysis of
Essential Skills/Co	oncept	Academic Voca	bulary/Co	ognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Be able to organ prior to writing. Be able to deve definitions, quo Understand how statement Be able to estab writing multi-para Be able to use a cohesion and cl concepts. Understand how statement 	nize ideas, concepts, and information	 analysis cause/effect classification cohesion compare/ contrast conclusion concrete convey definition domain-specific explanatory formal style formative informative informative introduction organization relevant content selection thesis statement topic 	análisis causa/effe clasificae cohesión comparar contrasta conclusió definición explicative estilo form informative introduccié organizacie contenido selección tema	ecto ción r r n n n n n n n a l	See Appendix C: Geographic Report*** page 42 - 48 SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively
 What is the author' Which sentences be How does the author' List the details usee What charts & table How could the auth How could the auth How could the auth What additional co Is research cited? If How does the author Does the conclusion Write informative/ explanatory of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic or thes ideas, concepts, and information, using s graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multin 	est support the author's thesis? or organize his ideas? d by the author to convey his ideas. es does the author provide to support his thesis? nor use multimedia to aid in comprehension? nor use cause/effect to better convey his ideas? mparisons could the author make to analyze the co f so, how? or conclude? n support the information or explanation presented texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and informati is statement; organize trategies such as definition, classification, comparison/ contrast, ar nedia when useful to aiding comprehension. relevant facts, definitions, smation and examples. ons to clarify the d domain-specific e topic. i formal style. atement or section that	1? ion through the selection, organization, and analysis	examine a topic a a. categories; incluic b. c. d. e.	and convey complex ideas, conce Introduce a topic or thesis staten de formatting (e.g., headings), gr Develop the topic with relevant, Use appropriate and varied trans Use precise language and domai Establish and maintain a formal	exts, including career development documents (e.g., simple business letters and job applications), to pts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. nent clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader aphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. itions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. n-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. style. or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.



W 7.3 b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, p and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or ch c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, an to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant desc details, and sensory language to capture the action and co e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and r narrated experiences or events.	aracters. d clauses o or setting to another. riptive nvey experiences and events.		L	events using effective technique, well-chosen -structured event sequences.
Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocabu	ilary/Coç	gnates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Understand the narrative organizational text structure. Understand how the author engages and orients the reader by establishing a context and point of view. Understand how the author engages and orients the reader by introducing a narrator and/or character. Understand how the author engages and orients the reader by organizing an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. Understand how the author uses narrative techniques to develop experiences, events and/or characters Understand how the author uses a variety of transition words and phrases to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another. Understand story plot line: exposition, rising action (complication/problem) climax (crisis), falling action, and resolution of problem. Understand use of literary devices Understand reflection; be able to reflect on experiences to provide a conclusion. 	 beginning, middle, end characters concrete context convey descriptive language dialogue engage event sequence mood narrator orient pacing plot point of view precise reflect resolution rising action sensory details 	contexto lenguaje desc diálogo narrador punto de vist preciso reflexionar resolución		SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively
Questions Stems	setting			
 What is the main problem or conflict in the story? In which sentences does the author establish his/her point of view? How does the author introduce the narrator? Who is the narrator? Name the first event that leads to the unfolding of the story? Which significant events reveal the problem in the story? Identify the details the author uses to create the mood of the story. Is foreshadowing used in the story? If so, how? How does the author convey shifts from one time period to another? How does the author use dialogue to develop the plot? How doesaffect the plot? How do the characters impact the resolution? How does change throughout the story? Identify the details of the event that indicate the problem has been resolution 	esolved.			
 W 6.3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technic event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/ or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally an b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/ or characters. c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another. d. Use precise words and phrases relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. 	nd logically. an ex tir	a. E nd/or characte b. U xperiences, ev c. U ime frame or s d. U ction and conv	prive details, and well-si ingage and orient the rea ers; organize an event se Jse narrative techniques, vents, and/or characters. Jse a variety of transition setting to another, and sh Jse precise words and ph vey experiences and eve	o real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, ructured event sequences. der by establishing a context and point of view, and introducing a narrator quence that unfolds naturally and logically. such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop n words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one low the relationships among experiences and events. urases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the nts. follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.



	Standard: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	Anchor: Produce clear and coherent writing
W 7.4	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3.)	organization, and style are appropriate to task

ing in which the development, sk, purpose, and audience.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocal	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Organize ideas, concepts, and information prior to writing Understand the writing task Understand the purpose for writing Understand the audience Write well-constructed sentences Know how to write a clear, concise thesis statement Write well-crafted paragraphs Be able to use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify relationships among ideas and concepts. Be able to understand and use the writing process Be able to write a strong conclusion that supports ideas presented in the writing 	 organization style task purpose audience 	organización estilo tarea propósito audiencia	SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively
 Questions Stems ✓ What form of writing does the writing prompt call ✓ Who is the audience? ✓ How will you organize your thinking before beging ✓ Will your writing include a thesis statement? ✓ How will you conclude your writing? ✓ What is your purpose for writing? ✓ What style will you use? Formal? Informal? ✓ What can you add in this paragraph to make your writing 	ning to write?		
W 6.4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the de and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (G for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)			coherent writing in which the development, appropriate to task, purpose, and audience



W 7.5 develop and rewriting, or audience ha	With some guidance and support from peers and add strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, of trying a new approach focusing on how well purpose we been addressed. (Editing for conventions should d f Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 7	editing, e and emonstrate		p and strengthen writing as needed by planning, ewriting, or trying a new approach.
 Essential Skills/Concept Organize information prior Implement the writing proor revising, editing, and rewrit Edit for language convention Understand the purpose for Understand and address the Craft a clear, concise thesi Write well-constructed sen Craft well written paragrap Incorporate appropriate transcohesion and clarify relation and concepts. Write a strong conclusion to presented in the writing Questions Stems Which would be the best op 	 ess by: planning, ting. language convention organization planning audience s statement revising rewriting rewriting hs nships among ideas 		ciones uaje zación zación	Teaching Notes and Strategies
W 6.5: With some guidance and su strengthen writing as needed by pla	s selection? des this selection? eted without changing the meaning of the selection? upport from peers and adults, develop and nning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new should demonstrate command of Language	W 8.5: v strengther	n writing as needed	e and support from peers and adults, develop and by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a ow well purpose and audience have been addressed.



W 7.6

Standard: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.

Anchor: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocab	oulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Be able to keyboard accurately Possess computer literacy Know how to use computer publishing software Know how to format and design page layouts Know how to embed links into a document Know how to access collaborative sources to discuss topics of interest Understand Moodle and know how to access and appropriate blogs Know how to interact with others using distance learning 	 cite collaborate interact link produce publish technology 	citar colaborar interactuar conexión producir publicar technologia	
Questions Stems ✓ Name the software programs available for you to p	which your writing		_
 Name the software programs available for you to p How do you format a document before writing? 	uonsii your writing.		
 How can you include a link to resources within you 	ur document?		
✓ What program tools are available for you to check		ventions?	
✓ What URL would you use to access a moodle acco			
\checkmark What search engine do you most prefer to use in re	esearching?		
W 6.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce	and publish writing as well	W 8.6: Use technology, in	cluding the Internet, to produce and publish writing

W 6.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well	W 8.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing
as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of	and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as
keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.	to interact and collaborate with others.



W 7.7

Standard: Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.

Anchor: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	abulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Know steps of an investigation Know how to use computer publishing software Know how to format and design page layouts Know how to use internet search engines Know how to embed links into a document Know how to research a topic using the internet Know how to create a bibliography Be able to locate resources: online, newspaper, library books, interviews, magazines, speakers 	 bibliography generate inquiry internet search investigation key words precise project research site source synthesize 	bibliografía generar investicagión preciso projecto sintetizar	SBAC Claim # 4: Conduct Research
 Questions Stems ✓ If you need information on you could type with ✓ You run a key word search on the internet and it concepts you check out first? Why? ✓ What question does your essay/report answer? ✓ Which thesis statement is the best for this essay? ✓ Which bibliography entry is cited correctly? ✓ How do you cite a bibliography entry for a 		on the subject, which would	
W 6.7: Conduct short research projects to answer a question	on, drawing on several	W 8.7: Conduct short resea	arch projects to answer a question (including a self-

W 6. *I*: Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

W 8.7: Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.



W 7.8

Standard: Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

Anchor: Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism

while avoiding plagransm and tono	wing a standard format for cita		
 Essential Skills/Concept Know how to gather relevant information from digital sources. Know how to gather relevant information from multiple print sources. Know how to assess the credibility of each source Know how to assess the accuracy of each source Know how to quote/paraphrase data without plagiarizing Be able to create a bibliography using a standard format for citation Create a bibliography 		bulary/Cognates bibliografía credibilidad citación parafrasear plagio cotizaciones pertinente resumir	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 4: Conduct Research SBAC Claim # 2: Write effectively
 Ouestions Stems ✓ How do you know that the source is credible? ✓ How do you know that data is accurate? ✓ What standard format did you use when citing sou ✓ How do you site a digital source? ✓ How is a digital source cited differently than a print ✓ Summarize the information found in these data. ✓ What can you conclude from the data? 	nted source?	W 8 8. Galanda a di fanci	
W 6.8: Gather relevant information from multiple print ar credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data	0	W 8.8: Gather relevant informatic assess the credibility and accuracy of while avoiding plagiarism and followi	n from multiple print and digital sources; using search terms effectively; each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others ng a standard format for citation.

while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.



W 7.9	Standard : Draw evidence from lite analysis, reflection and research. a. Apply <i>grade7 Reading stan</i> "Compare and contrast a fictional po- historical account of the same period authors of fiction use or alter history b. Apply <i>grade 7 Reading stat</i> nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate text, assessing whether the reasoning and sufficient to support the claims"	<i>indards</i> to literature (e.g., ortrayal of a time, place, or chan as a means of understanding h "). <i>indards</i> to literary the argument and specific clai g is sound and the evidence is re-	racter and now ms in a	Anchor: Draw analysis, reflection	evidence from literary or informational texts to support on, and research.
Essential Skills/Co	oncept	Academic Vocal	oulary/Co	gnates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Draw evider text Analyze information analysis Be able to synchronic compare & place, or character the same period understand history Know how the claims in a the claims i	nce from a literary/informational ormation & be able to support your ynthesize information and reflect contrast fictional portrayal of time aracter and historical account of riod how authors of fiction use or alter to trace the argument and specific	 analyze compare/contrast draw evidence evaluate historical account reflect/reflection relevant research sound reasoning sufficient support trace 	analiza compar evaluar	r rar/contrastar onar/reflexión nte	SBAC Claim # 4: Conduct Research SBAC Claim # 2: Write effectively
 ✓ How does this po ✓ What evidence do ✓ How does the aut ✓ What evidence do 	thor portray the character? Give examples. ortrayal compare to the historical accounts of o you have to support your answer? thor alter the time and place of events to support o you have to support the author's argument/ and sufficient evidence to support the claim?	oort his argument?	?		
research. a. Apply grade 6 (e.g., "Compare and com- historical novels and fam- b. Apply grad- nonfiction (e.g., "Trace a and specific claims in a t	from literary or informational texts to su <i>Reading standards</i> to literature trast texts in different forms or genres [e tasy stories] in terms of their approaches <i>le 6 Reading standards</i> to literary and evaluate the argument text, distinguishing claims isons and evidence from claims that are r	.g., stories and poems; to similar themes and topics").	reflection, a. work of fic traditional material is b. Apply <i>g</i> the argume	and research. Apply grade 8 Reaction draws on them stories, or religious rendered new"). rade 8 Reading star ent and specific claim ce is relevant and successful and succe	literary or informational texts to support analysis, ading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern les, patterns of events, or character types from myths, works such as the Bible, including describing how the andards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate ms in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and afficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is



	xtended time frames (time for research, time frames (a single sitting or a day or ic tasks, purposes, and audiences.	Anchor: Write routinely over extended time frames reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a sing or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
 Essential Skills/Concept Understand the purpose for writing Understand and address the audience Craft a clear, concise thesis statement Write well-constructed sentences Craft well written paragraphs Incorporate appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify relationships among ideas and concepts. Edit for language conventions Write a strong conclusion that supports ideas presented in the writing 	Academic Vocabulary/Co Reflection reflexi revision revisió rough draft editing summary resume	ión ón	Strategies
Questions Stems ✓ What is the purpose of this writing? ✓ Who is the audience? ✓ Identify the thesis statement ✓ Is the thesis statement supported by evidence that ✓ The transitioncould be replaced by ✓ Could additional revisions be made? Where? ✓ How could the sentencebe revised? ✓ How does the conclusion reflect the thesis? Give e W 6.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time	examples.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for r	

W 6.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and	W 8.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research,
revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of	reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two)
discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.



SL 7.1	Standard: Engage effectively in a range groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partner others' ideas and expressing their own clearly a. Come to discussions prepared, hav researched material under study; explicitly di the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on b. Follow rules for collegial discussi toward specific goals and deadlines, and defi c. Pose questions that elicit elaboratio others' questions and comments with relevan back on topic as needed. d. Acknowledge new information ex- and, when warranted, modify their own view	s on <i>grade 7 topics, texts, and issues</i> b y. ving read or raw on that preparation by referring to n ideas under discussion. ons, track progress ne individual roles as needed. on and respond to nt observations and ideas that bring the pressed by others	uilding on evidence on	conversations a	are for and participate effectively in a range of and collaborations with diverse partners, building s and expressing their own clearly and
Essential Skills/Co		Academic Voca	bulary/Co	ognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Prepare for coll Know how to in into the discuss Know the rules Assign and assu Set goals and de Pose and respon Make relevant of discussion to th Be willing to accept by ot Be willing to m 	aborative discussions incorporate evidence or information ion which is relevant to the topic for participating in a discussion ume roles in the discussion eadlines, then track progress ind to questions posed by others comments that help return the te topic cknowledge new information	 acknowledge collegial elicit evidence explicit modify pose/probe reflect research warranted 	colegiad explícit modific reflexio	do o :ar	SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
Questions Stems					
 How did you prep What are some q Based on what yo What are some ru What is your role What are the spec How will we trace How will you con Reflect on what yo Have your partne Use this language Use this language 	ntribute to the progress of the group? you heard, what ideas can you add to the disc ers said anything that made you change your e frame: I agree/disagree with what you said e frame: In addition to what said, I t	e deeply with your group? have to meet them? cussion? ideas? Did you acknowledge them? hink			
diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.with diversea. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on thatclearly.preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.ab. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles aspreparation lneeded.bc. Pose and respond to specific questions withaelaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.ad. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives throughcomments through		partners on <i>grade 8 topic</i> Come to discussions pre- by referring to evidence of Follow rules for collegia s, and define individual r Pose questions that com ith relevant evidence, obs	nect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and servations, and ideas. rmation expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their		

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SL 7.2

study.

Standard: Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

Anchor: Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Vocat	C	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Be able to identify and analyze main ideas in diverse media and formats Be able to identify and analyze supporting details and ideas in diverse media and formats Be able to explain how ideas, information, or data clarify a topic, text or issue under study 	 analyze clarify diverse formats main ideas orally quantitatively supporting details visually media 	analizar aclarar diverso formatos oralmente cuantitativamente los medios de comunicación	SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
Questions Stems ✓ What is the main idea of? ✓ Did you evaluate how those ideas are presented in ✓ How does using visual media/formats help clarify ✓ Which format or media made the topic easier for y ✓ What were some of the supporting details presented ✓ Why would presenting ideas and information in a ✓ Did you analyze the information presented for created	the ideas within a topic of stud you to understand? ed? quantitative format make it eas	y?	

quantitatively, and orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.



Standard: Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, and attitude toward the subject, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

SL 7.3

Anchor: Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

Eccontial Skills/Concent	Acadomic Vocal	aulanu/Cognatas	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Essential Skills/Concept Understand the difference between argument and claims Distinguish between sound and unsound reasoning Identify the attitude the speaker has toward a subject by analyzing the content and the delivery Understand that some claims introduced may not be relevant to the topic Recognize that the evidence offered may not be sufficient or substantial 	Academic Vocal Delineate argument attitude evaluate soundness reasoning relevance sufficiency prospective valid claim 	delinear argumento actitud evaluar razonamiento suficiencia prospective válido reclamación	Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
 Questions Stems ✓ Can you identify the speaker's reasons for making ✓ Is the speaker's argument valid? Why or why not? ✓ Are the claims the speaker is making based on vality ✓ What details or evidence help you understand the set of the arguments the speaker is making relevant the set of the speaker's of the state of the state of the state of the speaker's of the speaker's the speaker of the speaker's the speaker of the speaker's of the speaker of the speaker of the speaker's of the speaker of the speaker of the speaker of the speaker's of the speaker of the	? id evidence? speaker's attitude toward the to to the topic being discussed? claim? pective?	opic?	
SL 6.3: Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claim that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that			eaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the ng and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and

soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.



SL 7.4	 <u>summary presentations</u>), emphasiz manner with pertinent descriptions, f contact, adequate volume, and clear p <u>Plan and present an argun</u> acknowledges counterargunuses words and phrases to 	nd findings (e.g., argument, narrative, nphasizing salient points in a focused, coheren tions, facts and examples; use appropriate eye l clear pronunciation. argument that: supports a claim, cerarguments, organizes evidence logically, ases to create cohesion, and provides a in that supports the argument presented.		Anchor: Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
 o focuse o cohere o contain examp Understand the finding Knows that an a o makes o acknow o creates or phra o has a s Speak with an a pronunciation Make appropria Ouestions Stems ✓ How will you ✓ On what evided 	r a presentation that is d ent (delivered in a logical sequence) ns pertinent facts, descriptions, les difference between a claim and a argument and supports a claim wledges counterarguments s cohesion by using transitional words ases trong concluding statement idequate volume and clear	Academic Vocabulary/Cog Argument argument		nto ntos contrarios nte in ción ación ación in ite aciones ciación liente	Teaching Notes and Strategies os SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills	
 Is your argument presented logically with sufficient and pertinent details/facts/ex Was your conclusion strong? Is there something you can add to make it stronger Can the listener follow your argument? Is there cohesion from beginning to end Don't forget the rules for a good presentation. SL 6.4: Present claims and findings (e.g., argument, narrative, informative, response to literature presentations), and sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details and nonverbal elements to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. a. Plan and deliver an informative/explanatory presentation that: develops a topic with relevant facts, definitions, and concrete details; uses appropriate transitions to clarify relationship; uses precise language and domain specific vocabulary; and provides a strong conclusion.			? SL 8.4: I presentatio sound valid clear pronun a. logical sequ	ns), emphasizing sal reasoning and well-onciation. Plan and present a n ence, uses narrative	ndings (e.g., argument, narrative, response to literature ient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, chosen detail; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and marrative that : establishes a context and point of view, presents a techniques (e.g., dialogue, pacing, description, sensory language), provides a conclusion that reflects the experience.	



SL 7.5

Standard: Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points

Anchor: Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies		
 Select appropriate multimedia components that add meaning to the presentation Know what elements are needed to create visual displays Add photos, video, audio, animation, and text to emphasize the important points of the presentation. Add photos, video, audio, animation, and text to clarify the important points of the presentation. Be proficient in the use of digital and video cameras, PowerPoint, LCD projectors, and other presentation programs 	 digital media visual displays claims express enhance components clarify salient points 	los medios digitales reclamaciones expresar componentes aclarar	SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills		
Questions Stems How does the use of enhance your presentation? The message? What digital media could you use to present your data clearly? Do the components help clarify the presentation? What is the message or information you want to convey to your audience? How would including media help the presentation? Does the media help underscore your important points? How did you decide which images you would include? Did you strategically place your media components and your visual displays to enhance understanding of your presentation topic? SL 6.5: Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, and sound) and visually displays in presentations to clarify information. SL 8.5: Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information.					



SL 7.6

Standard: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3.)

Anchor: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Essential Skills/Concept	Academic Voca	bulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
 Identify the audience and purpose Know the difference between informal and formal English Vary sentence patterns for style Understand and adapt the delivery to appeal to the audience Enunciate and speak at appropriate volume and pace Use conventions of language to improve expression and understanding 	 contexts demonstrate formal English variety purpose word choice selection context sentence patterns enunciate volume 	contextos demostrar Inglés formal varidad próposito selección context enunciar volumen	SBAC Claim # 3: Employ effective speaking and listening skills
 Questions Stems ✓ What is the purpose of your speech and who is you ✓ Are you trying to persuade or convince your audiet ✓ Will you need formal or informal English? Why? ✓ Are you delivering a formal presentation? How wit ✓ Are there places where you can substitute precise e ✓ How will your word choice impact your listeners? ✓ How will you emphasize the important points? 	nce? 11 this affect your choice of w		

SL 0.0. Adapt speech to variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)

SL 8.6: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.



L 7.1	and their functions in spec b. Chose among simple, con complex sentences to sign	or speaking. arases and clauses in general and cific sentences. apound, complex, and compour al differing relationship among within a sentence, recognizing a	l general nd- ideas.		nstrate command of the conventions of standard English ge when writing or speaking.
Essential Skills/ConceptAcademic VocalImage: Know and correctly use all parts of speech (noun, pronoun, verb, adverb, adjective, etc.)• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use phrases and clauses• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use phrases and clauses• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use simple sentences• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use compound sentences• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use compound sentences• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use compound-complex sentences• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use compound-complex sentences• conventionsImage: Identify and correctly use (place) modifiers• vague /ambiguous andImage: Identify and correctly use (place) modifiers• vague /ambiguous and		convenciones caso subjectivo caso objectivo		Teaching Notes and Strategies SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively	
 What is an independent of the words of the words	hat are used to connect two independ sentence? How does if differ from ow many clauses are used in a comp he modifier correct? What word is	dent clauses. a compound sentence? pound-complex sentence? word is being modified?	a simple ser	ntence?	
 L 6.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive). b. Use all pronouns, including intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves) correctly. c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person. C. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents). d. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language. 			L 8.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Explain the function of verbal's (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice. c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		



L 7.2			English capitaliz	Anchor: Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
Essential Skills/C	oncept	Academic Vocab	ulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies		
 Use commas to separate coordinate adjectives Punctuate correctly Spell correctly 		 capitalization punctuation nonrestrictive parenthetical elements 	puntuación	SBAC Claim # 2: Write Effectively		
		 phrases complete sentences run-on sentence dash parentheses 	frases			
✓ What is the correct✓ Are standard Eng	ate adjectives? How do you correctly ct spelling of this word? lish conventions correctly demonstra uthor/you do to address conventiona	ated?	s in a sentence?			
			capitalization, punctuation a. Use punctuation	nand of the conventions of standard English n, and spelling when writing. n (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. to indicate an omission.		



L 7.3		guage and its conventions when resses ideas precisely and concis ng wordiness and redundancy.	-	language function	knowledge of language to understand how ons in different contexts, to make effective ning or style, and to comprehend more fully listening.
 Recognize and Identify and u audience 	 Identify and use appropriate language to address audience 		Academic Vocabulary/Cognates • sentence variety • sentence structure • precise preciso • concise conciso • redundant		SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
 ✓ What sentence pate ✓ Does the piece added ✓ How can you more 	terns are present/absent in this piece dress the needs/interests of the audie e precisely express this idea? rds or sentences used redundant? W	nce?		ting the message?	
 L 6.3: Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/ listener interest, and style.* b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.* 			reading, o a subjuncti	or listening. I. Use verbs in the a ve mood to achieve	nguage and its conventions when writing, speaking, active and passive voice and in the conditional and e particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the ty or describing a state contrary to fact).

L 7.4	 Standard: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a wor or phrase. b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech or trace the etymology of words. d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 		s. ng of a word e). word or vords.	Anchor: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.	
 Use Greek an word meaning Use reference Use reference pronunciation 	lues to derive word meaning d Latin affixes and roots to derive materials to derive word meanings materials to determine correct of words nology of words	Academic Voca multiple meaning context clues function part of speech root word affix prefix suffix consult reference materials dictionary thesauruses glossaries pronunciation precise meaning synonym etymology verify preliminary determination inferred meaning	context cluesfunctionfunciónpart of speechfijosroot wordaffixaffixafijosprefixprefijosuffixsufjosconsultconsultarreference materialsmateriales de referenciadictionarydiccionariothesaurusestesauroglossariesglosariospronunciationpronunciaciónprecise meaningsinónimoetymologyetimologiaverifyverificarpreliminarypreliminardeterminationdeterminación		SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
 Questions Stems ✓ Based upon the use of the word in the sentence, what can you deduce the word me ✓ Does the positioning of the word assist in determining meaning? Is an appositiv ✓ Do you recognize a familiar word part (affix or root) in the word? What meaning does the a ✓ What reference tool would best assist you in determining the pronunciation of a word, its m ✓ What is the origin of the word? Did it derive from another language? ✓ Has the meaning/use of the word changed over time? How? ✓ What tools or strategies can you use to verify the meaning of an unknown word/phrase encoded to the word is sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affres and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g. andience auditory auditle) 			e clue provid ffix/root pro aning, or its untered? L 8.4: De and content, cl a. clue to the mea	vide? part of speech? termine or clarify the meanin noosing flexibly from a range Use context (e.g., the overall ning of a word or phrase. Use common, grade-appropr	g of unknown and multiple-meaning of words or phrases based on <i>grade 8 reading</i> of strategies. I meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a riate Greek or Latin affixes and roots a clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede</i> ,
Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).			c. digital, to find of words. d.	c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech or trace the etymolog	



L 7.5	allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship betwee synonym / antonym, analo words. c. Distinguish among the con	meanings. (e.g., literary, biblical, and myth en particular words (e.g., gy) to better understand each of notations (associations) of ions (definitions) (e.g., refined,	ological relationships, a	nonstrate understanding of figurative language, word nd nuances in word meanings.
Essential Skills/Co	oncept	Academic Vocat	oulary/Cognates	Teaching Notes and Strategies
allusions Utilize word ru Identify the ex (denotation)	ative language ry, biblical and mythological elationships to clarify meaning xplicit/direct meaning of a word econdary meaning of a word	 cause/effect connotations (association) demonstrate denotations (definitions) distinguish figurative language interpret item/category nuances 	causa / efecto ons) connotaciones demostrar	SBAC Claim # 5: Use oral and written language skillfully
Questions Stems				
	the figurative expression? ative language is used?			
	on allude to or casually mention a ch	haracter or incident in another l	iterary text? What is the	
connection?				
	nilar in meaning, how do the words a sonship between these words?	slightly differ in meaning?		
\checkmark What is the explicit	it/direct meaning of the word?		• . · · · ·	
✓ Does the word hol the meaning?	d a secondary meaning that differs	trom the dictionary definition?	Is emotion associated with	n
 L 6.5: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/ effect, part/ whole, item/ category) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty). 			and nuances in word mea a. Interpret figure b. Use the relation of the words. c. Distinguish am	erstanding of figurative language, word relationships, nings. es of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context. nship between particular words to better understand each tong the connotations (associations) of words with ns (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent,</i>



L 7.6	and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.			Anchor : Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Essential Skills/Co		Academic Vocal	oulary/Co	ary/Cognates Teaching Notes and Strategi		
 Identify, understand, and use general academic terms Identify, understand, and use domain-specific terms Independently build yoogbulary 			sion comprensión			
Questions Stems						
 ✓ What is the meani ✓ How would you us ✓ Can you give an e ✓ The word ✓ Why is it important subject? ✓ What strategies do 						
L 6.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain- specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.			domain-sj	pecific words and p	urately grade-appropriate general academic and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when e important to comprehension or expression.	

